

Batona Trail

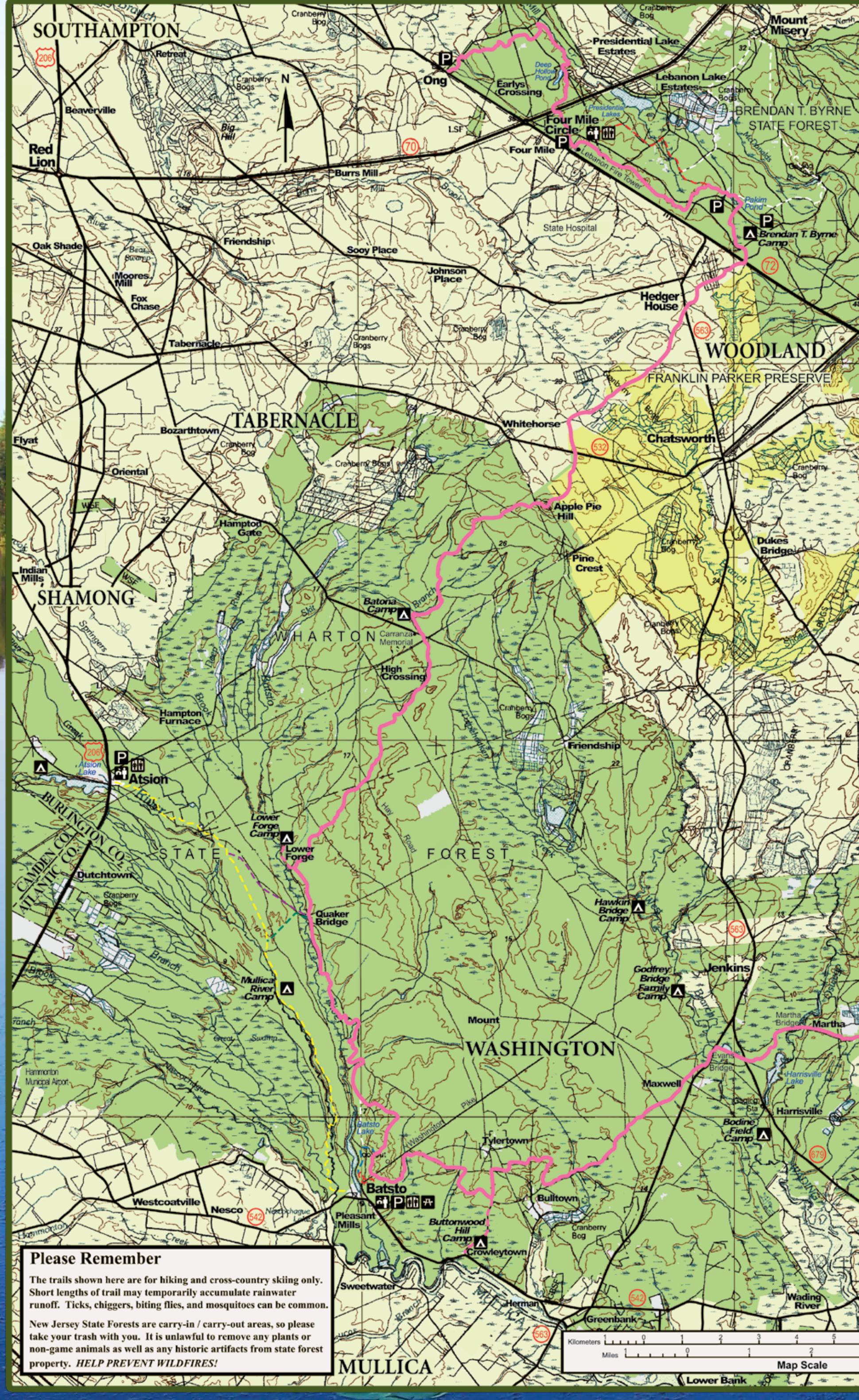
Pinelands
National Reserve



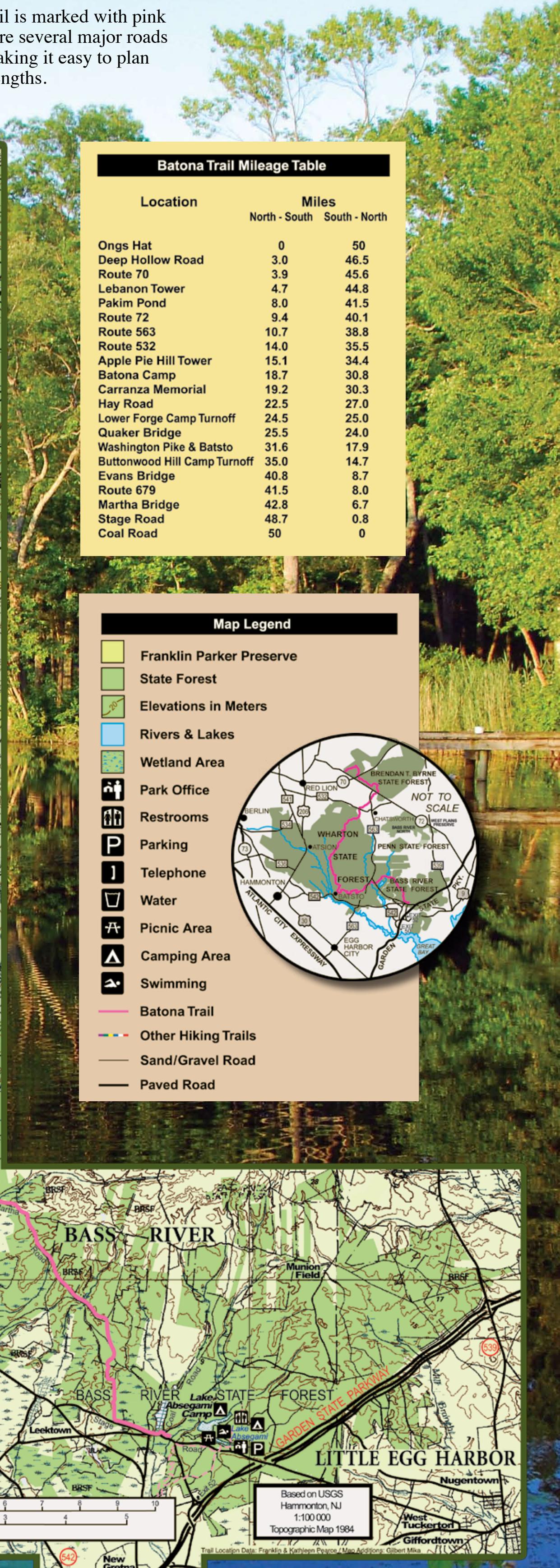
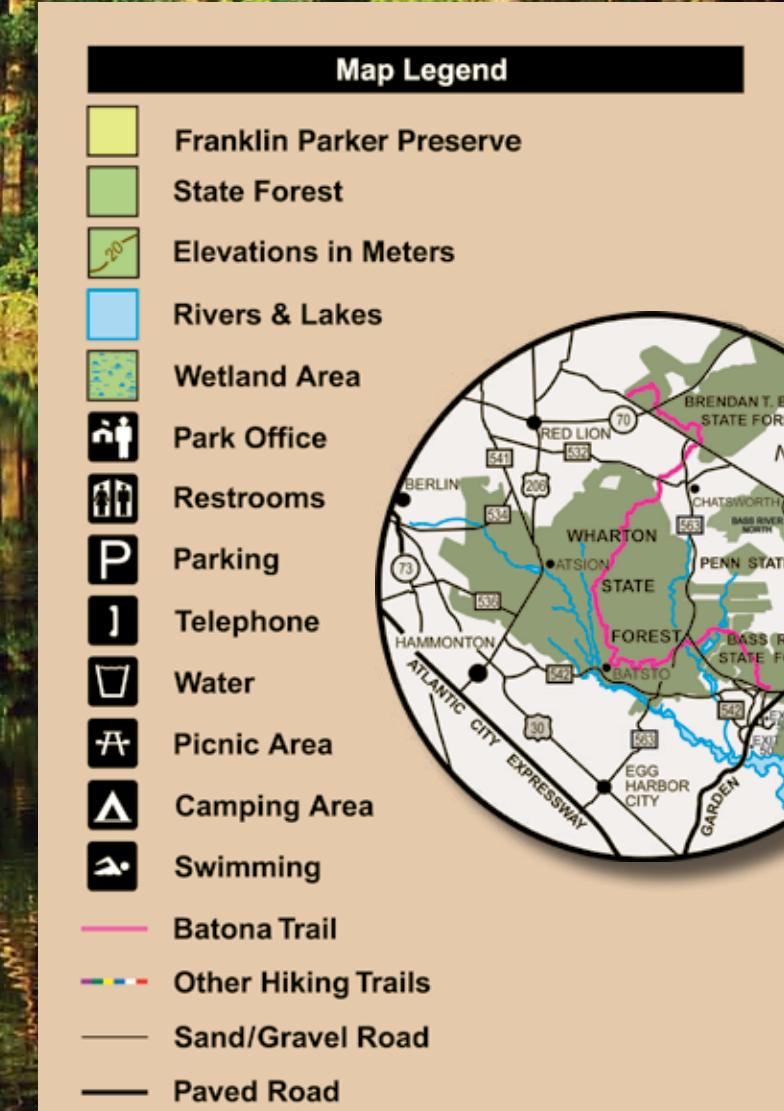
The 50-mile long Batona Trail derives its name from the words **BAck TO NAture**. It crosses vast tracts of New Jersey's Pinelands National Reserve.

Plant and animal species that are rare, and in some cases, unique to the Pinelands can be found along the route. The trail passes through some of South Jersey's forgotten towns like Martha, Lower Forge and

Four Mile. The trail is marked with pink blazes, and there are several major roads that intersect it, making it easy to plan hikes of varying lengths.



Location	Miles	
	North - South	South - North
Ongs Hat	0	50
Deep Hollow Road	3.0	46.5
Route 70	3.9	45.6
Lebanon Tower	4.7	44.8
Pakim Pond	8.0	41.5
Route 72	9.4	40.1
Route 563	10.7	38.8
Route 532	14.0	35.5
Apple Pie Hill Tower	15.1	34.4
Batona Camp	18.7	30.8
Carranza Memorial	19.2	30.3
Hay Road	22.5	27.0
Lower Forge Camp Turnoff	24.5	25.0
Quaker Bridge	25.5	24.0
Washington Pike & Batsto	31.6	17.9
Buttonwood Hill Camp Turnoff	35.0	14.7
Evans Bridge	40.8	8.7
Route 679	41.5	8.0
Martha Bridge	42.8	6.7
Stage Road	48.7	0.8
Coal Road	50	0



The New Jersey Division of Parks & Forestry, the New Jersey Pinelands Commission and the National Park Service are working together to "enhance public understanding, awareness and appreciation of natural and cultural resources" of the Pinelands National Reserve.



U.S. Department of the Interior
National Park Service



State of New Jersey
Division of Parks & Forestry

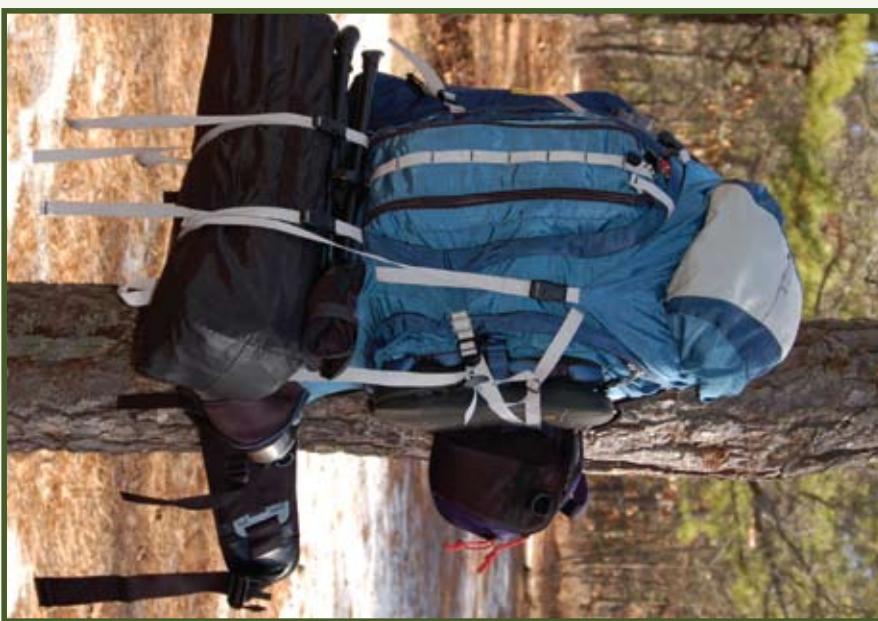


State of New Jersey
Pinelands Commission

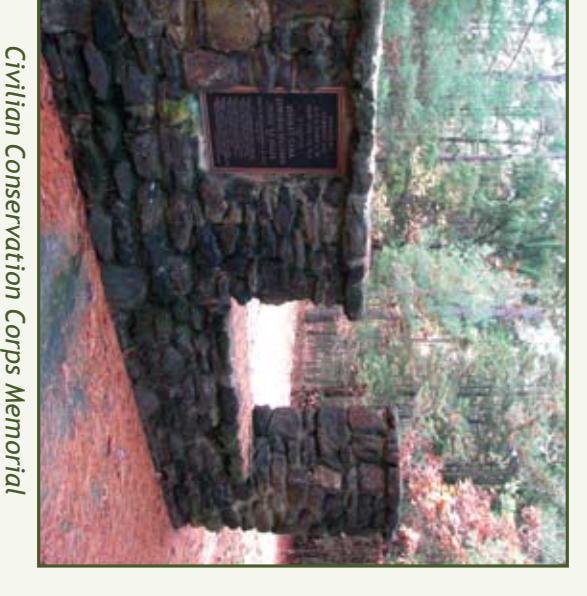
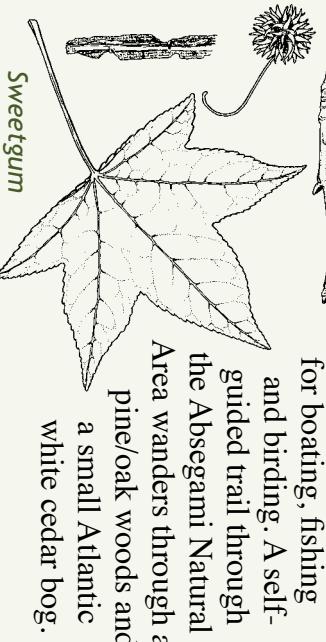


Great Blue Heron

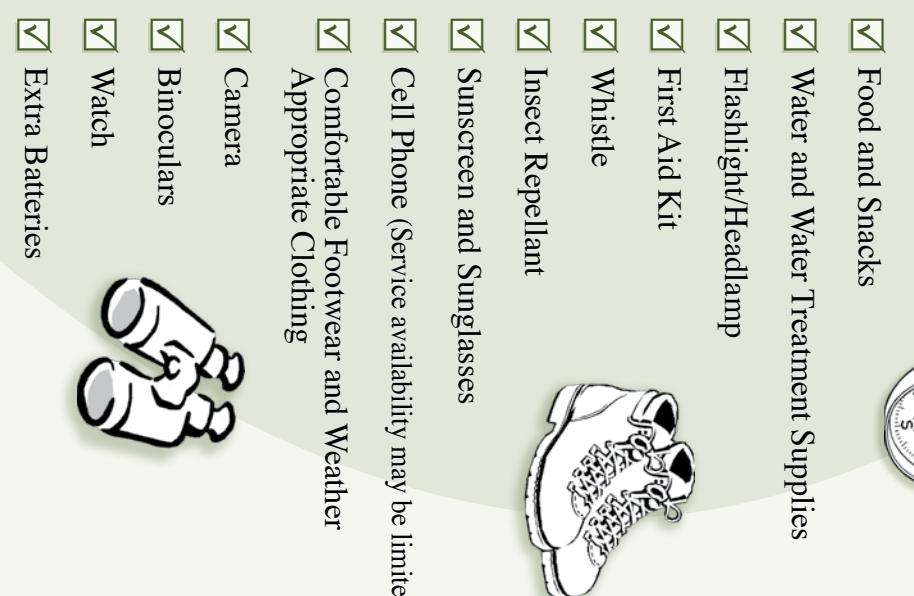
Historic Batsto Village



Bass River State Forest



Civilian Conservation Corps Memorial



White-tailed Deer

Pine Barren Gentian

Funding provided by the National Park Service.

For Further Information:

NJ Department of Environmental Protection

Division of Parks & Forestry

State Park Service

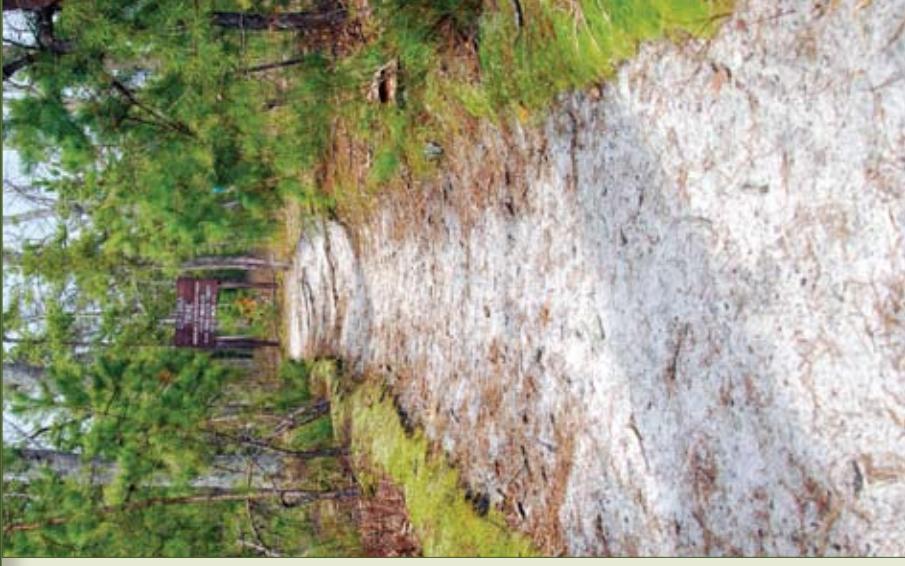
PO Box 404

Trenton, NJ 08625-0404

www.nj.parksandforests.org

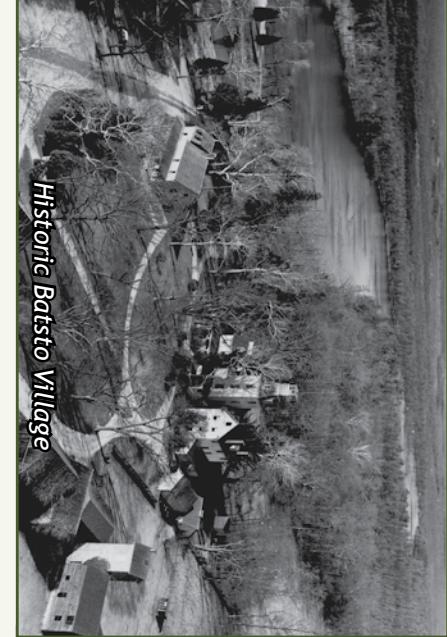
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Batona Trail



State of New Jersey
Department of Environmental Protection
Division of Parks and Forestry
State Park Service

Wharton State Forest



Wharton State Forest

In the 18th and early 19th centuries, a web of industrial centers thrived in what is now Wharton State Forest. Fueled by the natural resources, these centers produced iron, glass, lumber and paper. While many are gone today, significant buildings and structures remain at Batsto and Atsion reflecting the ventures that existed during the 19th century.

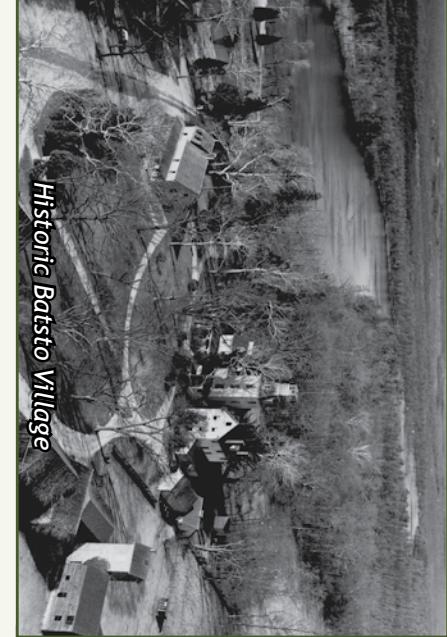
Wharton State Forest, located in the heart of the Pinelands, is the largest single tract of state-owned land in New Jersey, containing more than 120,000 acres. The forest is home to many threatened and endangered plants and animals including bog asphodel and the Pine Barrens tree frog. The natural beauty of Wharton State Forest can be appreciated at all times of the year. Miles of trails, pristine waterways and uninterrupted wilderness await the outdoor enthusiast.

Camping, by permit only, is allowed at several designated areas. For more information about Wharton State Forest, call the forest office at (609) 561-0024 or (609) 268-0444.

Brendan T. Byrne State Forest

Today's forested acres are a strong contrast to the barren, cleared land that existed during the operation of the Lebanon Glass Works. The glass works was operated from 1851 to 1867 and shut down after depleting the supply of wood necessary for the furnace to operate. Today, visitors to Brendan T. Byrne State Forest are greeted by the fresh scent of pine. Numerous tea-colored, iron-rich streams of pure water flow through acres of swampy land covered with dense stands of Atlantic white cedar. Hikers can follow sandy trails and roads that crisscross the forest, occasionally passing the remains of stone or brick structures representing what was once a bustling town. For more information about camping and other recreational opportunities at Brendan T. Byrne State Forest, call the forest office at (609) 726-1191.

Bass River State Forest

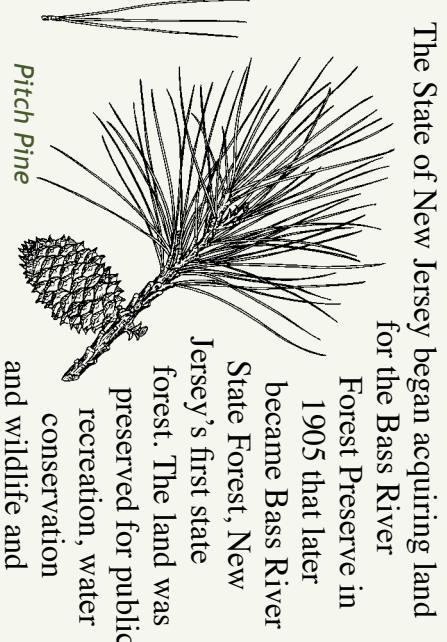


Bass River State Forest

In the 18th and early 19th centuries, a web of industrial centers thrived in what is now Wharton State Forest. Fueled by the natural resources, these centers produced iron, glass, lumber and paper. While many are gone today, significant buildings and structures remain at Batsto and Atsion reflecting the ventures that existed during the 19th century.

The State of New Jersey began acquiring land for the Bass River Forest Preserve in 1905 that later became Bass River State Forest, New Jersey's first state forest. The land was preserved for public recreation, water conservation, timber management. In June 1933, Civilian Conservation Corps Camp No. 7 (later changed to Camp S-55) was built along East Greenbush Road and lasted until the Civilian Conservation Corps ended in 1942 with the onset of World War II. Lake Absegami, a 67-acre lake created in the 1930s by the CCC, is the center of the forest's recreational activities and provides an area for swimming and a serene setting for boating, fishing and birding. A self-guided trail through the Absegami Natural Area wanders through a pine/oak woods and a small Atlantic white cedar bog.

Bass River State Forest



Bass River State Forest

There is also a self-guided trail through the forest types, meeting a number of streams and ponds along the way. Many areas rich in history also lie along the trail, with names like Four Mile, Lebanon, Batsto and Martha, to remind us of the forgotten towns that once thrived here. The trail is available for everyone to appreciate, but not abuse, the valuable and unique natural and cultural resources of the area.

The route covers varied land features and forest types, meeting a number of streams and ponds along the way. Many areas rich in history also lie along the trail, with names like Four Mile, Lebanon, Batsto and Martha, to remind us of the forgotten towns that once thrived here. The trail is available for everyone to appreciate, but not abuse, the valuable and unique natural and cultural resources of the area.

The Batona Trail began in 1961 when the Batona Hiking Club charted and cleared a trail from Carpenter Spring in Brendan T. Byrne State Forest to Batsto in Wharton State Forest. Through the years the trail was lengthened and now stretches for almost 50 miles, from Ong's Hat in Brendan T. Byrne State Forest, through Wharton State Forest and on to Bass River State Forest. The trail is maintained jointly by the Batona Hiking Club, the Outdoor Club of South Jersey and the New Jersey State Park Service.

Before you hike....

Hiking Checklist:



- Tell someone where you are going and when you plan to return.
- Know your route.
- Know your ability/limitations.
- Check the local weather forecast.
- Be bear aware.
- Map/Compass/GPS
- Food and Snacks
- Water and Water Treatment Supplies
- Flashlight/Headlamp
- First Aid Kit
- Whistle
- Insect Repellant
- Sunscreen and Sunglasses
- Cell Phone (Service availability may be limited.)
- Comfortable Footwear and Weather Appropriate Clothing
- Camera
- Binoculars
- Watch
- Extra Batteries

The Batona Trail

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American Black Bear

The Batona Trail traverses the Pinelands, a vast area of pine barrens habitat in South Jersey noted for its beautiful and unique flora and fauna, many species of which are found nowhere else in the world. An observant eye may catch orchids, white-tailed deer or a hawk around the next bend. Wild blueberries and huckleberries can be gathered by the handful in season.



Pine Barren Gentian